

## IIIM-985

[Target: Cdk-4]

It is a non-toxic and non-planar analog of fascaplysin. It does not possess DNA intercalation liability (no EtBr displacement up to 100  $\mu\text{M}$ ), which was associated with the parent natural product (EtBr displacement at 1  $\mu\text{M}$ ). It is a selective inhibitor of Cdk4/D1 (83-fold selectivity versus Cdk2/A) and it also inhibits tubulin polymerization. It displayed promising in-vitro cytotoxicity in lung cancer cell line A549 ( $\text{IC}_{50} = 0.92 \mu\text{M}$ ), Calu-1 (2.8  $\mu\text{M}$ ), NCI-H460 (0.6  $\mu\text{M}$ ), NCI-H1299 (0.9  $\mu\text{M}$ ), NCI-H358 (0.68  $\mu\text{M}$ ). It does not possess efflux pump liability (caco-2 permeability, efflux ratio = 1.1). It does not inhibit other kinases: EGFR, GSK-3 $\beta$ , MAPK1, MEK1, PDGFR, PIk3, PKA, PKC- $\alpha$ , IGF-1R (no inhibition up to 10  $\mu\text{M}$ ). MTD is 1000 mg/kg (Swiss albino rats). Excellent in-vivo efficacy in NCI-H460 xenograft model: 100 mg/kg i/p = 85% TGI (mortality = 0/7) and HCT-116 xenograft model: 100 mg/kg i/p = 80% TGI (mortality = 0/7). Presently, the new formulation is being developed for this lead to improve its oral PK exposure.